Course name: DENDROCI IMATOLOGY

JENDROCEIMIATOEOGT			
ECTS	2		
Course status	optional		
Course final assessement/evaluation of outcomes	f exam		
Prerequisites	Graduated first degree programs such as Bachelor (BA or BSc.) in forestry, environmental protection and related fields. Basics knowladge in wood anatomy, climatology, familiarity with MS Office package		

Main field of study:

Forestry	
Profile of study	General academic
The code of studies (education level)	MSc.
Semester of studies	winter / summer
Language of instruction	English

Course offered by:

Name of faculty offering the course	Faculty of Forestry
Name of department offering the course	Department of Forest Ecosystems Protection
Course coordinator	Bartłomiej Bednarz, PhD, DSc. Eng

Learning outcomes of the course:

			Reference to	
Symbol of outcome	Description of learning outcome	main field of study outcomes	discipline #	
	KNOWLEDGE – student knows and/or understands:			
LES_DEKL_W1	relations of forestry with other scientific disciplines providing a theoretical basis for formulating and solving research problems and applying natural knowledge in economic practice	LES2_W01	RL	
LES_DEKL_W2	in-depth degree facts and phenomena as well as theories explaining the relationships occurring in the forest environment and development trends in the management and preservation of natural resources	LES2_W02	RL	
	SKILLS – student is able to:			
LES_DEKL_U1	use advanced techniques and research tools in the field of forestry and related sciences	LES2_U01	RL	
LES_DEKL_U2	in the field of forest sciences, independently plan and carry out experiments, measurements and interpret the results obtained and draw conclusions	LES2_U02	RL	
SOCIAL COMPETENCE- student is ready to:				
LES_DEKL_K1	critical evaluation and discussion of the cognitive and practical value of modern knowledge	LES2_K01	RL	

Lectures		6	hours
Topics of the lectures	Subject and scope of research in dendrochronology and dendroclimatology. Dendro history. The rhythm of activity and rest of the tree, periodization of cambium activity as Factors shaping the formation of tree-ring widths. Biological basis of dendrochronology ar early, late and reactive wood, features of tree rings: density, width of rings, share of Measurement of various features of tree-rings. Preparation of wood for measurement, mea mistakes made and their verification. Methodology of dendroclimatological research: s sites, sample trees, choosing of drilling places, types of samples (systematic, random, su stands and collected cores sampled. Stand plots documentation. Collection and Dendrochronological terminology: series, sequence, dendroscale, chronology (model, i regional, pan-regional, species chronology). Homogeneity of growth behavior of trees and years - types. Distribution of the dendrochronological signal in space and thi heteroconnection, similarity of growth rhythm of trees in spatial and interspecific scale. Th meteorological station in dendroclimatic research. Dependence of radial growth models, c correlation method and response function. The specificity of mountain regions, border habitats in dendroclimatic research. Application of dendrochronological methods to solve and climatic valorization of the areas. Differentiation of radial growth behavior of various t role as an indicator of environment changes.	chronology an adaptiv d dendroc early and asurement election c ubjective). storage ndividual, their caus ne. Telec e role of the trees of the ponvergenc zones ar ecologica ree specie	y research ve strategy. limatology: late wood. strategies, of research Number of of cores. site, local, ves. Pointer connection, he regional native and e method, nd extreme al problems is and their

Accomplished learning outcomes	LES_DEKL_W1 LES_DEKL_W2 LES_DEKL_K1
Verification methods, rules and criteria of outcome assessment	Exam passing - the basis of attendance at lectures, together with participation in the final asessement in 10%

Classes	12	2 hours
Topics of the classes	Preparation and protection of collected cores, equipment and devices for material measurement. Measurement of tree-ring widths with various instruments and methods: analadygitalizing methods - CooRecorder and CDendro program. Construction and recording of the measurement database in the Tucson format. Incremental and climate data transformations - program. Getting to know and using specialized software for dendrochronological analycorrectness of dendrochronologies synchronization with the use of statistical coefficients individual, site, local, regional and pan-regional chronologies. Short-term and long-term variation chronologies. Standardization of tree-ring widths series. Construction of a standard Determination of pointer years and their typing. Preparation and evaluation of climatic data: calculation and use of climatic indicators in dendroclimatic analyzes with the use of DendroCl Analysis of the variability of radial growth reactions of trees within the population, between pawithin species and between species. Construction of the "growth-climate" model for variation climate base on the relation of tree-ring widths and chosen climatic elements and between species.	processing and aog and based on he tree-ring widts DendroClim2002 ysis. Testing the . Construction of ability of tree-ring ized chronology. data verification, lim2002 program. artial populations, ous tree species.

	Classes using additionaly	e-learning teaching tools - CooRecorder&Cdendro-Cybis.se		
Accomplished learning outcomes Verification methods, rules and criteria of outcome assessment		LES_DEKL_U1 LES_DEKL_U2 LES_DEKL_K1		
		Implementation of dendroclimatic projects (for selected tree species) together with activity and skills evaluation. Participation in the final asessement is 70%		
Field exercises	6	6 hours		
Topics of the excercises	Getting to know the methods of selecting research sites, sample trees. Methods and devices used during collecting research material for dendroclimatic purposes. Principles of proper sampling of trees by use of Pressler drill. Principles of storage, labeling and transporting of cores.			

Accomplished learning outcomes	LES_DEKL_U1 LES_DEKL_U2 LES_DEKL_K1
Verification methods, rules and criteria of	Assessment of activity, demonstration of practical skills. The participation of the
outcome assessment	outdoor exercises evaluation in the final assessment is 20%.

References:

	Zielski A., Krąpiec M. 1999. Dendrochronologia. PWN, Warszawa.
. .	Cook, E.R. and Kairiukstis, L.A. 1990. Methods of Dendrochronology. Applications in the
	Environmental Sciences. International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis. Kluwer Academic
Basic	Publishers, Dordrecht, Boston, 394 pp.
	Fritts, H. C. 1976: Tree rings and climate. London, New York and San Francisco: Academic
	Press. 567 pp.
	Kaennel M., Schweingruber F.H. 1995. Multilingual glossary of dendrochronology. Terms and
	definitions in English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese, and Russian. Birmensdorf;
	Berne, Stuttgart, Vienna, Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research;
	Haupt.
Supplementary	Schweingruber F.H. 1983. Der Jahrring. Standort, Methodik, Zeit und Klima in der
	Dendrochronologie. Bern und Stuttgart, Verlag Paul Haupt.
	Schweingruber, F. H. 1993. Trees and wood in dendrochronology. Morphological, anatomical,
	and tree-ring analytical characteristics of trees frequently used in dendrochronology. Springer
	series in wood science.

Structure of learning outcomes:

Discipline: R – Agricultural sciences, L -Forestry			2	ECTS ^{**}	
Structure of s	student activities:				
Contact hours		35	hours	1,4	ECTS ^{**}
including:	lectures	6	hours		
	classes and seminars	18	hours		
	consultations	6	hours		
	participation in research		hours		
	mandatory trainerships		hours		
	participation in examinations	5	hours		
e-learning			hours		ECTS**
student own w	ork	15	hours	0,6	ECTS ^{**}

Syllabus valid from the academic year 2024/2025

* where 10 hours of classes = 1 ECTC (in case of 15 h \rightarrow 2 ECTS)

** stated with an accuracy to 0.1 ECTS, where 1 ECTS = 25 - 30 hours of classes

academic discipline code: RZ - animal science and fishery, PB - biological sciences, etc.